ZTF Data System: Phase-II Plans & Schedule

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The ZTF Science Data System (ZSDS)

- The ZSDS is housed at IPAC, Caltech
- IPAC is a multi-mission science center (IRAS, 2MASS, *Spitzer*, WISE/NEOWISE, LSST, Euclid, WFIRST..)
- Responsibilities for ZTF:
 - ➤ data processing: from instrumental calibration to alert packets and lightcurves.
 - quality assurance; product archiving; user-interfaces to retrieve and analyze data.
 - management of data releases and user-support.
 - > on-demand forced-photometry lightcurve service.



ZTF Computing & Storage at IPAC

- We ingest ~ 300 GB of raw camera data *per night* to generate ~ 3.8 TB in products.
- Processing is in "real-time" and alert packets leave IPAC ~10 to 20 minutes since observation.
- Expect ~ 5.7 PB in data products at end of Phase-II.
- Compute cluster consists of 66 compute nodes (1192 processor cores @2.5GHz each).



Racks containing 66 compute nodes



Archive fileservers/disk arrays

ZTF Public Release Data Products

- Like Phase-I, Phase-II public data releases will include:
 - Refinements to products and data quality flags in all previous releases (back to start of phase-I).
 - Products derived from additional observations:
 - Raw camera & calibration image data.
 - Calibrated single-epoch images, difference images, masks, PSFs, and source catalogs.
 - Lightcurves derived from positional re-matching across all epochs (back to start of Phase-I).
 - New reference images (co-adds), depth-of-coverage maps, and source catalogs.
 - Source database drawn from reference image catalogs to facilitate lightcurve retrieval.
- Public Alerts from the public surveys are not tied to any bulk data release
 - > These continue to be distributed close to real-time for consumption by Alert Brokers.

Phase-II Public Data Release plan

- Move from a 6-month to 2-month release cycle for all data.
- For public survey data: move from a 6-month to 2-month embargo following DR4.
- For private data (partnership/Caltech science programs): continue with 18-month embargoing.

Release	Release Date	Public survey observation span	Private surveys observation span
DR4	12/09/20	03/17/18 - 06/30/20	03/17/18 - 06/30/19
DR5	03/31/21	03/17/18 - 01/31/21	03/17/18 - 09/30/19
DR6*	06/30/21	03/17/18 - 04/30/21	03/17/18 - 12/31/19
DR7*	08/31/21	03/17/18 - 06/30/21	03/17/18 - 02/29/20
DR8*	11/03/21	03/17/18 - 08/31/21	03/17/18 - 04/30/20
DR9*	01/05/22	03/17/18 - 10/31/21	03/17/18 - 06/30/20
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* Bimonthly release cycle

Data Access and Visualization Tools https://irsa.ipac.caltech.edu/Missions/ztf.html

- Access is through IRSA at IPAC.
- Can search for images and source catalog files by position or object name (including SSOs), sources extracted from co-adds & their lightcurves; overlays, time series viewer w/ interactive manipulation.
- Accompanying APIs (command-line driven retrieval) are available for all services.



Moving Object Search Tool (MOST) asteroids pre-covered by ZTF imaging

Irsa NA	ASA/IPAC	INFRAR	ED SCIENCE	ARCHIVE		
IRSA	DATA SETS SEA	RCH TOOLS	HELP	Login		
MOST - Moving Object Search Tool						
The Moving Object Search Tool (MOST) can determine the orbit for a given solar system object then find images t object's predicted positions in select image datasets housed at IRSA (see <u>Instructions</u>). It can serve as a "precovery" newly discovered objects were previously observed.						
		Submit	Reset			
Image Dataset 2tf						
For complete range Example: Antonia 2	For complete range, leave limits blank (but this may take a long time) Example: Antonia 2017-11-01 to 2017-12-31					
Observation	Begin (UTC) 2018-03	3-17	Observation End (UTC)	2020-10-22		
Ephemeris S	tep Size (day) 1		Output Mode Regular			
Create Fits and DS9 Region Files Tarballs						
• Solar System Object Name Input: Masci						
Solar System Object NAIF ID Input:						
O MPC One-Line Element Input:						
Object Type: Asteroid ᅌ						
Orbital Elements Manual Input:						



Phase-II: major data-system upgrades

Capability / functionality	Release date
Public forced photometry service	2020-12-01
Forced photometry histories in alert packets $(T - 30 \text{ days})$	2020-12-20
Database, system, & infrastructure upgrades to support +3yr	2021-04-01
Bimonthly public release of file-based data products	2021-06-30 (commence DR6)
New lightcurve datastore format and database	2021-10-01
More frequent release of lightcurves (tied to new datastore)	2021-11-01 (commence DR8)
P60 archive & data access service	2021-10-01

Phase-II: other improvements & features

- Update astrometric calibration framework to use *Gaia Early DR3*.
- Update automated PSF-estimation software to further improve photometric accuracy: goal is <~ 1% *absolute* precision (relative to PanSTARRS1), consistently on photometric nights.
- Propagate additional nearest *Gaia*-source metrics into alert packets, including proper motions.
- Include data in alert packets from the PS1 Source Types & Redshifts with ML (PS1-STRM) catalog.
- Refine Star/Galaxy classification scores of nearest PS1 sources in alert packets using latest ML.
- Reprocess subsets of improperly calibrated Phase-I data following upgrades.

Data Access & Documentation

- Third Public Data Release: recipes for retrieving any ZTF data: https://www.ztf.caltech.edu/page/dr3
- Access to Images, Catalogs, lightcurves, and analysis tools: https://irsa.ipac.caltech.edu/Missions/ztf.html
- Science Data System Explanatory Supplement: https://irsa.ipac.caltech.edu/data/ZTF/docs/ztf_pipelines_deliverables.pdf
- Science Data System paper:

https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/1538-3873/aae8ac

• Growing archive of raw public alerts and usage documentation: https://ztf.uw.edu/alerts/public/ Back up slides

What can DR3 provide? *Lightcurve Timespans and Cadences*

- Counts per bin are #visits per 47 square degree field.
- Sampling is non-uniform and irregular due to seasonal variation in field visibility from P48.
- Constrains the variability-related archival science projects possible with DR3.



Alert Statistics (Mar 20, 2018 – Oct 15, 2020)



Reference Image Coverage as of Oct 15, 2020 (l, b = 0, 0 centered)



Reference Image Depths Archived versus Special (*internal*)



Fields with ultra-high source confusion: noise & mag-limit estimators break down